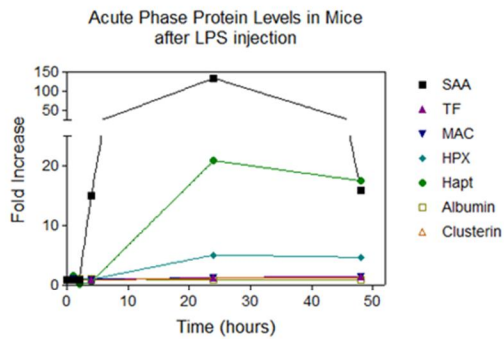


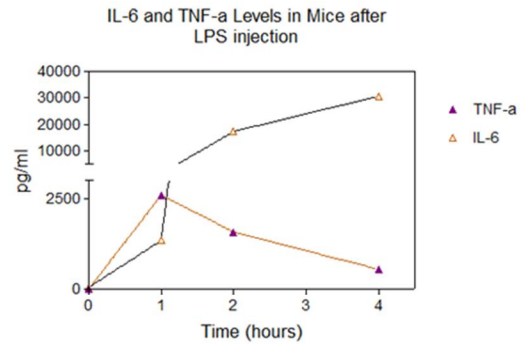
Acute Phase Response in Mice

Summary

Levels of several acute phase proteins and cytokines (IL-6 and TNF-alpha) were measured in serum from Balb/c mice after injection of lipopolysaccharide (LPS). Mice (~20g, n=5 per time point) were injected (i.p.) with LPS (1 mg/kg) dissolved in phosphate-buffered saline. At the times indicated, blood was drawn and serum prepared. Acute phase protein and cytokine levels were evaluated using ELISA kits manufactured by Life Diagnostics, Inc.



Time (h)	Fold change of rat acute phase biomarkers after LPS injection						
	SAA	Clusterin	TF	MAC	HPX	Hapt	Albumin
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1.2	1	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.1
2	1	1	1	1	1.1	0.2	1.1
4	15	0.9	0.9	1	1	0.6	1.1
24	134	1.2	1.3	1.3	5.1	20.9	0.9
48	16	1.3	1.5	1.4	4.7	17.5	1



Time (h)	Cytokine (pg/ml)	
	IL-6	TNF-a
0	49	0
1	1344	2595
2	17325	1574
4	30712	547
24	210	0
48	102	0

SAA: serum amyloid A, TF: transferrin, MAC: alpha-macroglobulin, HPX: hemopexin, Hapt: haptoglobin

Baseline values. SAA: 0.78 ug/ml*, clusterin: 9.4 µg/ml, transferrin: 2.48 mg/ml, alpha-macroglobulin: 1.51 mg/ml, hemopexin: 0.41 mg/ml, haptoglobin, 0.075 mg/ml. *limit of detection

Comments

In a mouse LPS model, SAA and haptoglobin are excellent positive acute phase protein biomarkers, with peak levels reaching 134 and 21-fold greater than baseline values after 24 h. IL-6 and TNF-alpha are cytokines involved in the initiation of the acute phase response and as expected, both increase significantly within 1 h of LPS challenge. Both cytokines are robust early-stage biomarkers of inflammation and tissue injury.